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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.
The "EVER-YIELD"

EVERBEARING Strawberry

This sterling variety makes new Everbearing Strawberry enthusiasts every year. It is the first Everbearer to overcome that common fault of everbearingstrawberries—that of running small after the first picking. The remarkably long root system keeps the plant supplied with soil water and plant food—the prime necessity in producing a crop of really big berries, as thestrawberry is 95% water. The immense root-system of the

**EVER-YIELD** makes this plant almost "drought-proof," and

ables it to set and ripen large clusters of delicious berries,

under hot, dry seasons when other ever-bearing varieties drop

down to the size of marbles.

**A Practical Commercial Variety**

A heavy yield of uniformly large berries of superior quality

commands the EVER-YIELD to the commercial planter. Ever-

Yield in size is a necessity in order to command the

highest prices, and evenness in ripening is necessary to

sure economy in picking. A planting of EVER-

IELD Strawberries will supply a nice picking every

6 days during the summer, and twice a week during

October and November, when the prices received for

the berries is at the highest point.

**Big Berries from June to December**

The EVER-YIELD does not set so many berries as the

Progressive, but the berries are so much larger

that the total yield per acre is about a third more.

After rooting last fall we dug several of the fruiting

plants, and found their feeder roots had penetrated

the soil to a depth of sixteen inches. No wonder the

EVER-YIELD can produce such big crops of choice ber-

ries during hot weather. The EVER-YIELD will find food

and moisture in the thinnest, dryest soil, and transform

that food and moisture into big, red berries that fairly

melt in the mouth, and that find ready sale everywhere.

Get Started NOW with

This Profitable Variety

A hundred plants will supply your table with this delicious

berry through summer and fall, and will give you hundreds

and hundreds of new plants that you can set out or sell to

your neighbors at good prices—once they see the EVER-

IELD fruiting in your garden. There is an eager demand

for these plants everywhere they have once been intro-

duced. Be the introducer in your neighborhood, and

profit by your foresight.

**POSTPAID Prices**

20 Plants for $1.00

50 Plants for $2.00

100 Plants for $3.50

Charges PREPAID
You Can Grow Peaches

Plant at Least a FewChoice

Every Peach tree you plant will pay liberal dividends in choice fruit for your table.

Plant one or two trees of several varieties, and thus secure a variety of flavor and quality.

Fertilize the soil around each tree liberally, and the third year you will have some Peaches from your own garden trees to help out on the table. After that the crop will be larger every year as the trees increase in size.

You like Peaches. You have room for at least a few choice trees in your garden, and you can grow Peaches—try it!

Or a Small Home Orchard or 10 to 15 Peach Trees

Each tree in full bearing can be depend upon for 2 to 3 bushels of finest quality Peaches. The tree should not be allowed to carry too many fruit.

One good thing about the Peach tree is that it does not have to be trained the tree into heavy production. Instead, you must intelligently "thin" the crop down to a few bushels every year.

There is doubtless a small piece of ground where you could plant from ten to possibly a hundred Peach trees. A few dollars for trees and a little work planting them will yield wonderful returns for your time and money. You will have Peaches throughout the season on your table, and all you can possibly use for another year, without seeming to make any noticeable "hole" in your crop.

There Is a Dependable Income in 100 to 1000 Peach Trees

If you have a suitable piece of ground, from one to ten acres, that you can plant to Peaches, it will provide you with a dependable income for many years. The best location is a "river" ground, though level ground will do if close to lower ground. There is a reason for this. Cold air is heavy, sinks to the low spots and forces the warmer, lighter air upward. If your orchard is planted on ground that is a little higher than the surrounding ground, the Peach blossoms will be protected from the late spring frosts. The trees will start when the lower spots, facing the warmer air upward to your Peach trees, protecting them from the instant killing frost. If talked but 100 Peach trees to plant an acre, and if you set out our Grade A Standard Planting Size trees, the cost per acre is but $25.00 for the trees. Cheaper than a seedling of cherry.

The first year, by growing a crop of corn, early potatoes or beans in between the rows of trees you will get practically a full crop from your land. The second year you will have two-thirds of the orchard—and the third year you will have Peaches.

There is hardly a spot in the country but just one or a couple of acres will pay for the trees. The rental value of the land, the care of the trees, and a few profit besides. Just a few acres of Peaches will, in five years, become a valuable piece of income property.

Financial Independence in a Large Acreage

As a business proposition, as a sound investment, as a means of insuring "easy circumstances" for the near future and a competence for life, a Commercial Peach Orchard is worthy of consideration.

It does not require a heavy cash outlay to buy Peach trees to plant forty acres. It takes some extra labor for planting, but you can get almost a full crop from the orchard the first year, and more than half a crop the second.

You can start some Peaches to help along with the third season's expenses, while the second crop of Peaches will pay up everything and leave a substantial margin. After that you are on "easy Street" with a Peach orchard.

And you will have a dependable cash crop of Peaches which will figure up in the hundreds of dollars every fall.

Why "Model Garden Club" Peach Trees Are the Best for YOU to Plant

Here in Southern Michigan, where we grow Peaches as a "cash crop," we have found by experience that the value of the crop will be largely influenced by the quality of the trees we plant.

We have found that a heavy, hardy, tough, but slender tree from two to three feet high, with smooth, firm, fleshy roots, will outgrow, outstrip and outyield a heavy tree an inch or two in diameter and five feet high, with hard, tough roots, if both trees are planted at the same time.

We have planted Peach trees from Nurseries in all parts of the country, and one fact stands out clear, grown by the trees and the crop; and that fact is: The Peach trees that have made the most rapid growth and have produced the best Peaches over a longer period, and have resisted disease with remarkable success, have been the Peach trees that were grown in the Cumberland Mountains.

The soil has something to do with it. So has the clear, sharp, bracing air, with the long growing season. The Cumberland Mountain Peach tree is slender, tough, hardy, and has a root system which adapts itself to very soil—clayey, sandy, stoney or muddy.

The Peach seed (from which the roots are produced) is carefully gathered from the native wild peach trees of the Cumberland. It produces a seedling like its parent, tough, hardy, and with a root system which adapts itself to very soil.

Buds are cut from Peach trees of absolutely known varieties, in orchards that have made the highest records for fruit quality. The "Model Garden Club Peach Tree" produced stimulate by this union is slender, of medium size, but of unquestioned hardness. It possesses all the ruggedness and disease-resistant qualities of its wild parent, and all the fruit-producing and cropping qualities of its cultivated parent. It has a root system that adapts itself to any soil, and a constitutional vigor that successfully resists the ravages of insects, disease and extreme cold.

VARIENG is grown in widely separated, solid blocks, and are dug and labeled separately. There is no chance for "accidental" mixtures, as different varieties never come together until assembled in an order.

We have established the name of "Model Garden Club Peach" with the certain knowledge that you will be the very best fruits obtainable, anywhere or at any price.

All our Peach trees are shipped from our nursery packing house to you, the charges to be paid on receipt of the trees.
PLANT PEACHES!

For Pleasure and Prosperity

There are many varieties of Peach Trees. Some succeed best in the South. Others are best adapted to other localities, and as a consequence have but a limited, local demand. Some otherwise splendid varieties have specific defects. One is especially susceptible to blight, another to... Still others are poor shippers.

As a peach tree is almost a permanent investment, common sense will dictate planting varieties of real merit only.

The six varieties we offer are those that have proved to be of enduring worth under the most unfavorable conditions.

A good peach under unfavorable conditions is always a still better peach under more favorable conditions of soil and climate.

We offer you these six varieties that have proved themselves the best peaches under all conditions.

The Elberta is first, because it is the best known. It is thoroughly good, handsome in appearance; a deep crimson blush over a golden yellow skin. Delicious, melting quality. A tremendous cropper. Hardy, and very resistant to disease. It is the most generally planted peach and appears to succeed everywhere.

J. H. Hale has had some very startling claims made for it. These claims of success have been so well substantiated by the experience of growers in all parts of the country, that this variety may succeed in supplanting the Elberta as the general first choice. It is superior to the Elberta in every way, is larger, better, earlier, and will produce a larger crop.

Belle of Georgia

A short-season peach that succeeds in the far north. Very hardy. A large, creamy-white, red-cheeked freestone, with delicious white flesh. It deserves general planting on account of its very good quality, and its satisfactory behavior everywhere.

Early Rose

Very similar to the Belle of Georgia, but earlier, harder, and with pink flesh. It is the very earliest good peach, a freestone adapted to cold, northern localities. Hardy and vigorous, its quality, flavor and aroma are unsurpassed.

Carmen

Probably the handsomest peach grown. A red-cheeked, golden yellow freestone. White flesh, tinged with pink; tender, of fine flavor and very juicy. One of our very best shippers, opening a good crop medium early.

From the six varieties listed above you can make a selection of Peach trees that will succeed wherever the Peach can be grown.

You will have Early Peaches, Mid-Season Peaches and Late Peaches; all "tree-stones," all universally popular, all suitable for your own use in your garden, and all desirable as market Peaches.

If you plant a few "Model Garden Club" Peach trees after your garden is up, you will be back after more within the next few years.

This Spring Be Sure to Make a Trial Planting of "Model Garden Club" Peach

The Commercial planter requires a Peach tree not over three feet high. Some prefer them just under two feet. The gardener usually wants a peach tree as big as he can buy. "Model Garden Club" Peach Trees are classified into three commercial sizes, all possessing the characteristics of hardiness, vigor, sturdiness, and possessing a heavy mat of fine, fibrous roots.

Sizes and Prices

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**Extra Large (Size X)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1 to 9 Trees</th>
<th>10 to 29 Trees</th>
<th>30 to 299 Trees</th>
<th>300 or more</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>45c Each</td>
<td>40c Each</td>
<td>35c Each</td>
<td>30c Each</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These trees are especially selected for garden planting. They run from 3 to 4 feet high but have the masses of fine roots to correspond. On this account they can be successfully used in orchard planting as they possess the hardness and vigor not usually found in large peach trees.

**Standard Planting Size A**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1 to 9 Trees</th>
<th>10 to 29 Trees</th>
<th>30 to 299 Trees</th>
<th>300 or more</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30c Each</td>
<td>27½c Each</td>
<td>25c Each</td>
<td>22½c Each</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

From 2 to 3 feet high. Sturdy, straight, vigorous, hardy, and with a root system that means rapid growth and an abundant crop. This is the size most generally used in orchard planting. When ordering, specify "Size A."

**Standard Planting Size B.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1 to 9 Trees</th>
<th>10 to 29 Trees</th>
<th>30 to 299 Trees</th>
<th>300 or more</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25c Each</td>
<td>20c Each</td>
<td>17½c Each</td>
<td>15c Each</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Just under two feet in height, but in all other respects they are the same as Size A, and are preferred by many planters. Many of the largest orchards in the country are planted to trees of this size, as some of the largest growers prefer this size to the larger, even at the same price. Specify "Size B."

We Do Not Prepay the Freight or Express Charges

The prices quoted above are for Peach Trees as described, carefully packed and wrapped and delivered on board cars at our Nursery Packing House in Tennessee. We will send by Freight, Express or Parcel Post, charges to be paid by you when your shipment of trees arrives. If you leave it to us to select the best method of shipment, we guarantee all trees to arrive in first-class planting condition.

We Offer Mailing Size Peach Trees in the Same Varieties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>30 cents Each (By Parcel Post, All Charges Prepaid)</th>
<th>10 for $3.00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 for $8.75</td>
<td>Four for One Dollar $15.00 per 100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Quality. Read the article at the bottom of the opposite page (Page 2) "Why Model Garden Club Peach Trees are the Best for You to Plant." It tells the whole story. The experience of Peach Growers the country over agrees with our own as to the best type of Peach tree to plant. We grow that type as being the best for our own use. In planting "Model Garden Club" Peach you are profiting from a quarter-century of successful experience of America's foremost Peach growers.
Grow DEWBERRIES for Profit

The DEWBERRY is becoming more popular every year as a source of the rich, heavy fruits, so valuable as nourishing foods and healthful beverages. The berry is much like a blackberry in shape and appearance, but is larger, richer in flavor, and better in every way. The berries are borne in large clusters, well to the outside of the vine, which makes for ease and economy in picking. The berries are grown remarkably well under shipment over long distances.

A Favorite of the Commercial Berry Grower

The easily harvested, quickly salable berries that are born in profusion on the Dewberry vines, make this fruit a prime favorite with the commercial berry grower. He does not have to wait several years for his first crop, for the Dewberry fruits the next summer after being planted, and increases in yield annually until the third year, when the vine reaches its full growth. The same virtues that endear the Dewberry to the commercial planter, make it an equal favorite with the home gardener. The fruit can be allowed to hang on the vines long after it is ripe, and yet the mellow without drooping from the vine. You can pick the fruit, for the table, as you want it, allowing the crop to hang on the vines until in the strongest, mellowest condition, when it can all be harvested at one picking, and canned or pressed for juice.

Not Injured by Insects, Diseases or Frost

The Dewberry blossoms late, well out of the way of late spring frosts. As the berry ripens in late summer, the crop is off the vines long before the approach of cold weather or frost of late fall. As regards insects and plant diseases that prey on other fruits, the Dewberry appears to be immune. Neither insects nor diseases appear to have any effect either on the vine or the berry. It is immune. It requires no spraying.

The Rival of the Grape

As a source of sweet, rich, heavy fruit juice, the Dewberry is coming more and more into favor, as a rival of the grape. In the districts where the Concord Grape is the main fruit crop, the Dewberry is being tried with remarkable success. It is proving to be a more profitable crop than the Grape. Not only on account of the succulent berries mentioned above—the freedom from insects and diseases, and the immunity to frost, but on account also of the actual cash returns.

More Clear Profit per Acre than from Grapes

A grape vine requires 100 square feet of soil (planted 10 by 10 feet) and with proper care, spraying and cultivation will yield a bushel, or 50 pounds, of fruit, usually around $2.50. On the same space, four Dewberry plants will be contained, which will yield 16 to 18 bushels of berries that sell readily at $3.00 for a 180 quart case. But the Dewberry man must make a profit of about one-half the cost of growing and marketing the bushel of grapes.

Improved Lucretia the Best

The Improved Lucretia Dewberry is a product of the Concord Grape country. It is a thrifty grower, making long, lusty fruit spurs to carry the heavy crop. The berries measure an inch across and from an inch and a quarter to an inch and a half long. It is glossy black, firm until dead ripe, and can be picked with ease in heavy crops. It is a sweet, vinous--juice. The Improved Lucretia ranks as one of the most dependable of the commercially salable berries. The berries are very fine, handsome, handsome, and winter well.

Succeeds on "Thin" Soil

The Improved Lucretia Dewberry succeeds on thin, sandy soil and produces paying crops with thinness of berries. The roots spread wail. On the eastern shore of Lake Michigan, where the ground is thin and sandy, Lucretia is at home, and is known as the one dependable crop that never fails. One little town on the Lake Shore, of but a few hundred population, is the headquarters of the Michigan Dewberry Association. Most of the Dewberries grown in the territory are marketed through this association, which is one of the soundest co-operative marketing associations in the country. And yet this entire territory is sandy. The soil, in the summer, resists cultivation to a remarkable extent. But Lake "how" sand, and that white lake sand pebbly beach where the beach sand is blue, the hundred thousands of dollars in value, every season, with never a failure!

The Next Summer

One of the greatest features of the Improved Lucretia Dewberry, and the feature on which large profits can be made by the grower, is the quick returns for the labor of planting. The first summer the plants put forth their "fruit spurs," and the next summer you have a good crop! Then each year the crop increases in size and value, until the third year, when they attain their full size. You do not lose revenue from the vine during the first year. It is the easiest fruit to grow, and makes its profit the first season. It is the only plant that makes its profit the first season.

"Trellising" Increases the Crop

As the Dewberry is by nature a "creepers," it is necessary to support the vines on trellises or wires, for best results. In the home garden they may be allowed to creep on the ground, but the size of the crop is increased and the picking rendered much easier if the vines are trellised. He method in most general practice is to drive a post or a stick stake every twenty feet, and along the top of these posts run a wire the length of the row. In the spring the new fruit spurs are raised from the ground and tied to this wire. The clusters of berries then hang in profusion, within easy reach. While the vine is fruting, the new fruit spurs come up from the rests along the row. When the crop of fruit is gathered, the old vines are cut at the ground, taken from the wire and burned, and the new fruit spurs or vines that are picked off the ground and tied to the wire the next spring. This method makes easy work of growing and picking Dewberries, and allows the ground to be kept free from weeds and sod. The berries ripen even more evenly when trellised, and thousands of equal berries for picking.

Price of IMPROVED LUCRETTIA DEWBERRY PLANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Five for 25c</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Twelve for 50c</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thirty for $1.00</td>
<td>$6.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One Hundred for $2.50</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>700 (to plant 1½ acres)</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

By Mail or Express $20.00 per Thousand All Charges Prepaid
“A Cherry Tree, once established, requires neither cultivation or pruning, and but very little spraying. Cherry Trees will grow north, south, east or west, in any location or soil that will grow anything else worth eating.”

**CHERRIES**

The Fruit That Provides Middle and Old-age Pensions

While the Cherry does not make the instant appeal to the appetite as does the peach, nor is it so closely tied to the imagination as the Apple, it is not likely to be overlooked as a producer of profit. There is so little expense to a Cherry Orchard after it is planted.

A Cherry tree needs only to be planted, given ordinary decent treatment for a year or so, until it begins to bear, after which it becomes a steady, dependable producer. You can forget a Cherry tree ten months out of the year, and it will seem to set along just about as well as though continually fussed over. It endures—seems to enjoy being left alone—and produces a big crop of Cherries every year.

**Price of Early Richmond and Montmorncy Cherry Trees**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Trees</th>
<th>1 to 9 Trees</th>
<th>10 to 29 Trees</th>
<th>30 or More</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
<td>$8.00</td>
<td>$7.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

_Standard Planting Size 2 to 3 feet_

**Plant a Few Good PLUM Trees**

The Plum is pre-eminently a garden tree, where it will produce a abundance of desirable fruit. A reasonable surplus always finds ready sale at home, right in the neighborhood, and at the local stores. As an orchard fruit the Plum does not possess the income-producing qualities of the Apple, Peach, Cherry or Grape, as a usual thing.

But it is a valuable fruit in the garden. An assortment of a dozen trees will be profitable anywhere.

**Four Splendid Japanese Plums**

*Burbank* Large, nearly round; clear cherry red with thin bluish bloom. Flesh, deep yellow, rich, very sweet, and with a peculiar and agreeable flavor. Vigorous and early. Last of August. The earliest Plum in cultivation, and usually a profitable variety in local markets. Bright red with light bloom; flesh light yellow, sweet and juicy. Of thoroughly good quality.

*Red June* Rich cherry color with heavy white bloom. Large and heavy. Small pit; flesh light yellow and of most delicious sweetness. Early and a heavy creeper.

*Abundance* Deep red, with yellow, sugary sweet flesh. Handsome in appearance and delicious in quality. The tree is of rapid growth, and can be planted close together on account of its upright growth.

*Wickson* Rich cherry color with heavy white bloom. Large and heavy. Small pit; flesh light yellow and of most delicious sweetness. Early and a heavy creeper.

**Standard Planting Size Plum Trees**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Per single tree</th>
<th>Four for $3.00</th>
<th>Ten for $6.50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Shipped from Nursery Packing House in Eastern Tennessee. Freight, Express or Parcel Post Charges to be paid by purchaser on receipt of trees.
EVERYBODY likes Grapes!

But, in the popular mind there still exists the impression that three years must elapse between planting the vines and picking grapes from them. This period between planting and harvesting grapes can be cut down to one year, by planting carefully grown “Bearing Size Grape Vines.”

Why You Should Plant “Bearing Size Grape Vines

You can realize your desire to have grapes from your own vines, a lot of them next year, and a few this year, too, by planting “Bearing Size Grape Vines.”

“Bearing Size Grape Vines” are simply selected vines that are properly cultivated, sprayed and pruned for three years. "They would bear their first crop this fall if left where they are. They are grown especially for gardeners who want vines that will bear in a short time after planting as practical.

“Bearing Size Grape Vines” have vigorous canes three to four feet in length and a heavy mass of roots to correspond. They are dug, handled and packed with extreme care, so as to save all the roots, preserve the canes without injury, and get the vines into your hands in perfect condition.

If carefully planted, spreading the roots naturally in moist, rich soil, and cutting the canes back about one-half, they will bear some grapes the same season planted, and produce nearly a full crop the next.

“Bearing Size Grape Vines” save you two years’ time, two years’ work, and cost little, if any, more than you ordinarily pay for common grape vines. For the home garden they are the practical vines to plant.

— and They Are

Grape Vines of Superior Quality

“Bearing Size Grape Vines” are produced by planting cuttings taken from vineyards that are famed for their production of quality grapes. The cuttings are set down to our planting grounds in the Cumberland Mountains. In that fertile soil, with its bracing atmosphere and long growing season, and with the best of care and cultivation, these vines develop into the hardy, vigorous stock that makes rapid growth and produces wonderful crops of grapes, wherever planted.

Order at least a few vines of each variety described in the column to the left. This will give you an assortment of five choices: red, white, blue and black, as well as early, mid-season and late. A vineyard that will prove a source of pride, pleasure and profit to you as long as you live.

“Bearing Size Grape Vines” Are Not Expensive

As they are shipped direct to you from the packing house at the Nursery where they are grown, the cost of Bearing Size Vines is not high. At these prices we pack and ship to you, charges collect.

Price of “Bearing Size Grape Vines,” Shipped Charges Collect

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>1 to 9 Vines</th>
<th>10 to 20 Vines</th>
<th>20 Vines or More</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Concord</td>
<td>40c Each</td>
<td>35c Each</td>
<td>35c Each</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niagara</td>
<td>50c Each</td>
<td>45c Each</td>
<td>35c Each</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PLANT ONE OF THESE ASSORTMENTS

| No. 1 | RED, WHITE & BLUE Varieties, ONE EACH of Concord, Delaware and Niagara | $1.25 |
| No. 2 | RED, WHITE & BLUE Varieties, FOUR EACH of Concord, Delaware and Niagara | $4.50 |
| No. 3 | One Each of All Five Varieties, Concord, Delaware, Moors Early, Niagara, Worden | $2.00 |
| No. 4 | Two Each of All Five Varieties, Concord, Niagara, Delaware, Moors Early, and Worden | $3.75 |

THERE ARE NO CHARGES FOR PACKING

At the prices quoted above the Bearing Size Grape Vines are carefully dug, packed, wrapped and delivered to Freight or Express office.

“Bearing Size Grape Vines” are too large to send by Parcel Post, on account of the length of the package required.

If You Plant

“Bearing Size” GRAPEVINES
Flowering Shrubs at Wholesale!

Subtract from the bareness of your home, add to its attractiveness, and multiply your pleasure and pride in your home, by planting Flowering Shrubs. Plant ornamentals around your house whenever you set out plants in your garden. Select varieties that will provide continuous bloom throughout the season. Some shrubs bloom very early in the spring—others late in the fall. By careful selection of shrubs of different blooming seasons you can have Flowers Every Day From Spring to Fall.

These beautiful Shrubs, Climbers, etc., are all field grown plants, with good strong roots, and from 12 to 18 inches in height. They will bloom the first year if given proper care. Of naturally rapid growth, they increase rapidly in size from year to year until they attain their maximum size as given in the description below. Make your selection from this list:

THE RED BUD

Every branch and twig is covered, in early spring, with wreaths of rose red flowers and buds, ushering in early spring with a blaze of crimson color. Grows 12 ft.

CORNUS FLORIDA

Another beauty of early spring. White flowers three inches across, streaked and bledet with yellow, red and purple, are borne in profusion before the leaves appear. Grows 12 to 16 feet high.

GOLDEN BELL

Very early in the spring, often before the snow is gone, this grand old shrub is entirely covered with tiny, golden-yellow, bell-shaped flowers, that endure several weeks, until the leaves appear. 12 feet.

CORAL BERRY

Through spring and summer the Cmoral Berry is blooming, first with bright red flowers, then with glowing crimson berries that remain through the winter. 3 to 4 feet.

DEUTZIA

The long, slender branches are bent to the ground with their loads and wreaths of rose-white, tassel-shaped flowers, through early summer. Grows 4 to 6 feet.

TRUMPET VINE

A rapid climber that will grow to your roof if you let it. Large clusters of orange-red, trumpet-shaped flowers are borne in heavy profusion throughout the summer. The foliage is equally attractive.

SNOWBALL HYDRANGEA

This beautiful and stately shrub is a mass of snow-white flowers that almost conceal the foliage throughout the season. Grows 3 to 4 feet. (On account of the scarcity of this item, we can not accept orders for Snowball Hydrangeas in excess of one-third of the entire number of shrubs ordered.)

HALL'S JAPAN HONEYSUCKLE

Fragrant white and creamy yellow flowers bloom the season through, followed by brilliant scarlet "fruits" that are equally beautiful. It is almost evergreen, and is without a peer for beauty and fragrance.

FLOWERING CATALPA

A tree-form ornamental of rapid growth and marvelous beauty. Large heart-shaped leaves measure six inches across. About the third year it begins to bear immense, pyramidal clusters of marvellously fragrant, waxy, white flowers, streaked and dotted with red, purple and yellow. Grows to a height of 25 feet.

HYPERICUM

Bright golden flowers 2 inches across are borne through summer and fall. 2 ft.

ROSE OF SHARON

A very hardy shrub of rapid growth, covered through late fall with strikingly beautiful double flowers, in a gorgeous variety of shades and colors. A riot of color after other flowers have all gone. Not affected by insects. Grows 12 feet high.

A dozen or so of these beautiful Shrubs and Climbers will make a wonderful improvement in the appearance of any home. They grow rapidly, ever increasing in size and beauty and bearing thousands of flowers. You can make your home grounds a bower of beautiful flowers from spring to fall. The slight expense is the best investment you can make. We GUARANTEE these Shrubs, etc., to reach you in the best of condition, and to make good growth, otherwise they will be replaced free of charge.

POSTPAID PRICES ON FLOWERING SHRUBS AND CLIMBERS

15 cents each
2 for 25c

Ten for $1.00
$7.50 per 100

BY MAIL OR EXPRESS ALL CHARGES PREPAID
GLADIOLUS MIXTURE

These beautiful summer-flowering bulbs are doubly valuable for the brave field show of bloom, and for their generous supply of cut-flowers. Gladiolus flowers last longer when cut than most any other flowers, and develop in water to a greater perfection than if left on the plant. Any rich, light garden soil will grow Gladiolus if properly worked in preparation and exposed to the benefit of full sunlight. Bulbs should be planted from the middle of April on into May throughout the Northern States, a second planting after two or three weeks ensuring a more even succession of bloom.

It would be difficult to improve upon the assortment of beautiful varieties we have selected for this mixture. A tasteful selection of standard varieties, uniform in appearance, and of harmonious coloring, this "Bedding Mixture" will supply a nice variety of cut flowers and multiply every season. The varieties chosen are standards, with a few novelties of proven merit and beauty. Our leaflet on Gladiola Culture is sent with each collection.

Our "Model Gladiolus Mixture" contains these Sterling Varieties: American Beauty, Beautiful soft flesh pink, faintly tinged with lavendar.

Frances King. A strong growing variety with large spikes of snowy scarlet flowers. Swirling Beautiful deep yellow. Its pure gold flowers a delight to behold.

Peace. A robust grower, its spikes reaching six feet in height. Blotches of red on pure white background.

Chicago White. Tall straight stems, angularly set with well expanded, snowy flowers. Faint lavender streaks in lower petals.

Independence. Tall, stately flower spikes adorned with bright red.

Price of Gladiolus Bulbs (Mixture) POSTPAID

Ten for 25 cents
25 for 50 cents
100 for $1.50

Try These Three Hardy Chinese Fruits

These are three hardy, vigorous fruit trees, that can be easily grown from seed. Natives of Northern China, they are insured to cold weather, and can be grown and enjoyed anywhere in the United States. The fruits are good, and have been in common use in North China for generations. Grow a few in your garden.

CHINESE DATE

The Chinese Date is a hardy fruit tree of rapid growth, which comes true to variety from seed planted in the open ground. The fruit is about an inch in length, of the true date shape, about half the size of the date of the tropics. Dark red in color, it turns almost black when fully ripe. The "dates," while sweet, when fully ripe have a full flavor, preferred by many to the insoluble advantage of the tropical or true date.

The Chinese Date is becoming a favorite in this country, wherever it has been planted. The fruit makes a welcome addition to our standard fruits, and is being more generally planted every season.

A packet contains seed sufficient to produce from six to ten trees. The seed may be planted in a row in the garden, with some vegetable seed in the same row to mark it. It takes a month as the Date seed some-what more to germinate. In addition to the valuable fruit, the Chinese Date is without a peer as a Ornamental shrub. The clusters of golden yellow flowers vie with the most of the Ornamental shrubs in loveliness. Be sure to include The Chinese Date in your order.

CHINESE FRUITS

One Packet Each of
Manchu "Cherry-Plum" "YOGI" Persimmon
Chinese Date
"Yogi" Persimmon

For 50c, Postpaid

All for only 50c, Postpaid

Beaut The "Nursery Trust," Read Offer on Page 9
"Baby Apple Trees" 4c and up Each!

With two-year-old apple trees up to ten times their worth, many thoughtful planters are winning out against the nursery "trush" by planting "Baby Apple Trees," and with the best of results. The country needs more apple trees. There has been a decrease of over eight million apple trees in the past ten years, caused by the uncheked ravages of diseases and insects. At the same time the two-year-old apple trees has advanced, with little excuse, until the general public hesitates to plant this high priced stock. There is a national association of several hundred nursery concerns that is doing everything possible to advance the price of nursery stock to the growers. A former president of this Association has threatened so far as to publicly threaten a national farm paper with financial loss if the editor of that paper did not immediately stop printing articles telling the farmers how to grow their own apple trees.

You can Help Beat the Nursery Trust!

You can grow your own Apple Trees and save many dollars. Big, vigorous, healthy trees are easily and quickly grown from our "Baby Apple Trees," that cost only a few cents apiece, delivered to your door! These "Baby Apple Trees" are produced by a method that insures every good quality if it gives the care they deserve.

From selected apple trees of known varieties, the bright, healthy branches are cut into lengths about six inches long, which are known as "scions." Each scion is carefully grafted to a one-year-old apple tree root, and the union securely wrapped with waxed grafting twine.

Nature quickly unites the "point" and the root, and the "Baby Apple Tree," thus complete, is ready to plant, and make rapid growth in a very short time. The picture to the right shows what these "Baby Apple Trees" look like. A block of one hundred thousand of these "Baby Apple Trees," which we planted in good soil, and cared for properly, made an average growth of five feet in height and weight, and profusely profuse the second year, when they were planted, and November, when they were dug, and sown in the same estate of them grew. You can do as well or even better right in your own garden, by giving these "Baby Apple Trees" the same care and cultivation as your other garden crops.

The first year in the life of the Apple Tree is the most important. Trees that are stunted the first year never become really profitable trees. They seldom recover. You can plant a row of "Baby Apple Trees" in your garden, plant with a foot apart, then, a few minutes' time with the hoe, in the evening of the first year, will result in bigger, better trees in the fall than you would be likely to be able to buy at any price.

We recommend that the "Baby Apple Trees" be planted in a row by themselves for the first two years, so you can help nature make a rapid, vigorous growth. Experience shows that an Apple Tree that makes rapid growth in the first year is very apt to continue that rapid growth for years. Many experienced growers plant from three to five times the number of "Baby Apple Trees" that will they require for their own planting. Then, in the fall or the following spring, they select the best of the trees for their own orchard, and sell the rest at reasonable prices to their neighbors.

In this way you get your own selected one or two for nothing, and the profit on the trees you sell will more than pay for the "Baby Apple Trees," and for all the time you expend the first year.

The Most Popular and Profitable Varieties

**S genuine Delicious.** The very earliest apple to bear and the earliest to reach maturity. It frequently sets blossoms the first year, in the nursery row. The skin is of a pure yellow. Flesh white, crisp, juicy, mildly sub-acid. Bears profusely late June to August.

**Jonathan.** Another hardy Russian variety. Yellow, overcast and streaked with red. Flesh sweet, juicy and aromatic, large and vigorous. Begins to bear when the tree is very small. A dependable crop of really choice apples, and the best set of apples of any variety to early September.

**Early Harvest.** Fairly large, yellow skin. A larger apple than the genuine Delicious, and of better quality. Flesh is sweet and juicy. Makes a favorite cooking variety if not allowed to fully ripen.

**Fruitful.** Red skin, pure white flesh, crisp, sweet, with a nice apple flavor. Bears early, in June, is large and vigorous. A very hardy variety, and does well in any soil. Bears a large crop every August and September.

**Fruitful.** Medium size, bright red apple that succeeds and is a favorite wherever apples can be grown. Flesh is firm, tender, juicy, and of delightful flavor. A standard winter apple.

**Grisen Golden.** A very hardy variety. Rich, golden yellow skin, flesh sweet, tender and juicy. The tree matures early and yields a fair crop of the finest apples.

**Baldwin.** Large, bright red, with crisp, juicy flesh, this great old variety is one of the most dependable varieties that can be grown.

**Ryman Winesap.** Large, prolific: deep red skin, flesh somewhat coarse and of excellent quality. A decided improvement over the old Winesap in every respect.

**Wolf River.** Very large, banded yellow skin, shaded red and striped with red, the flesh is of superior quality, with a pleasant, spicy flavor.

**Postpaid Prices on "Baby Apple Trees"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1500</td>
<td>$5.00 per Hundred</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3000</td>
<td>$4.00 per Thousand</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

By Mail or Express

All Charges Prepaid

A Fruit Tree Gift

Actually a small fruit tree, as it has both a trunk and a root system, and can be planted and cared for in the same manner as larger tree. These fruit tree gifts are of superior quality.
MODEL GARDEN SEEDS

and up Per Packet
Fresh Seed from This Season's Crop, Grown for us Under Contract and Rigidly Inspected for Purity and Tested to Assure High Germination

10 MODEL GARDEN CLUB, PAW PAW, MICHIGAN

MODEL Garden and Flower seeds are packed in manifold envelopes, upon which is clearly printed the simple instructions for planting the seed contained in each Packet.

ALL THE SEEDS LISTED ON THESE PAGES ARE SENT POSTPAID.

All our seeds are from the last harvest. They are FRESH.

All seeds are rigidly tested, and none but those of the highest germination are tested for go out.

You can plant your "Model Vegetable Garden" and a "Model Flower Garden" with these seeds, knowing you are planting the Best, Purest, and Highest Test Seeds that can produce or money can buy.

ASPARAGUS
Columbus Mammoth White.....05 .15 .25
Palmetto, The best variety.....05 .15 .25
Parker Mammoth White.....12 for $1.00, for $1.10, 100 for $11.70 Packet, 3 yr. Plants, 1 each additional, Postpaid.

BEANS
“Chesnut Bean.” See p. 10

Yard-long, (50 packets)

BEETS
Creasy’s Egyptian, Ext. Ey.....05 .10 .15
Detroit Market Garden, Min. Crop
Early Blood Turnip.....04 .08 .10
Long Dark Blood, The very dark.....04 .08 .10
Spinach Beet (Swiss Chard).....04 .08 .10
Giant Hakurei, Favorite for stock feeding.....04 .08 .10
Golden King, Largest, Excellent for stock feeding.....04 .08 .10
Yellow stock beet.....04 .08 .10
Mammoth Early, Largest, Early, Excellent for stock feeding.....04 .08 .10
Red stock beet.....04 .08 .10
Klein Washburna, Very best variety.....04 .08 .10
Sugar Beet.....04 .08 .10

BRUSSELS SPROUTS
Improved Half Blade.....05 .15 .25

CABBAGE—Early
Early Spring, Earliest flattened variety.....05 .20 .55
Early Jersey Wakefield.....05 .15 .45
Charleston Wakefield, Later variety.....05 .15 .45
Copenhagen Market, An early variety.....04 .05 .15
All-Head Early, The best flat variety.....05 .15 .45
Succession, Popular 2nd early, An early variety.....05 .15 .45

CABBAGE—Late
Daubat Head, Hard molded red.....05 .20 .55
Premium Late Flat Dutch, The most popular late cabbage.....05 .15 .45
Surehead, Always certain to form a head.....05 .15 .45
Jumbo, Largest cabbage, up to 50 pound heads.....05 .15 .45
Mammoth Red Rock, The best red variety.....05 .15 .45

CARROT
Davies Hardy, Good for all kinds of soils.....05 .10 .20
Improve Long Orange, Grown on thin soil, Good keeper.....05 .15 .45
Orange Wonder, Good for seed.....04 .05 .15
White Belgraf (Imp. Mammoth), Superior for stock feeding....04 .05 .18

Cauliflower
(4 and 1/2 oz. on ounce prices)
Early Snowball, The earliest.....10 .15 .25
Extra Early Dwarf Earliette.....10 .15 .25
Earliest Earliette, Later but much larger.....10 .15 .50
Dare, Large, early, the finest for early and semi-arid districts.....15 .25 .50
Autumn King, Earliest later....05 .50 .75

CELERY
Dwarf Golden Heart, Best for Half Acre care.....05 .15 .45
Golden Self Blanching, Favorable to early variety.....05 .15 .40
White Plum, Very early.....05 .20 .40
Winter Queen (Best Keeper).....05 .20 .40
True Viennese, (Giant Franche).....05 .20 .40

Chicory
Large Rooted, Coffee substituting and rabbit food.....10 .25 .75
Wildlet, Earliest heads of chicory.....10 .25 .75

CHIVES
Schnittbansch, Salad flavor.....10

COLLARDS
Georgia, A hooded cabbage, best for greens.....05 .15 .25

CRESS
Extra Curled, Garden salad plant of merit.....05 .15 .25
True Winter Radish Plant in springs or running water.....10 .40 .10

CUCUMBERS
Earliest, The earliest for slicing.....05 .15 .45
Perfected Davis Perfect, The best variety.....05 .15 .45
Improved Early White Spine.....05 .15 .45
Improved Long Green.....05 .15 .45
Everbearing, Blooms continuously until frost.....05 .15 .45
Japanese Climbing, See p. 10.....10 .25 .50
Giant Per 25 to 30 inches long, Crisp, few seeds.....05 .15 .55
Westfield’s Chicory Pickling, Best for pickling.....05 .15 .55

EGG PLANT
Black Beauty, Best variety.....10 .45 .50

ENDIVE
Extra Curled, For autumn and winter salads.....05 .10 .25
Self Blanching, Requires no tying to blanch.....10 .20 .40

Dwarf Scotch, For winter and spring greens.....10 .15 .25

KOHL-RABI
Early White, A "turnip rooted" cabbage.....05 .15 .45

LEEK
Broad American Thed, mild and sweet.....05 .15 .50

LETTUCE
Grand Rapids Farm, Best loose leaf type for forcing.....05 .12 .25
Big Boston, Large head of lettuce.....05 .16 .50
Improved Hanson, Large, leaves in dry weather.....05 .15 .25
COS or Celery Lettuce.....05 .15 .25
May King, Earliest variety.....05 .15 .25
Black Seeded Simpson.....05 .15 .25

MUSKELMELON
Banana, Rare page.....10 .15 .40
Emerald Gem, Salmon flesh, A home garden favorite.....10 .10 .30
Fordhook Melon, Delicious and a prime shipper.....10 .10 .30
Jenny Linn, A favorite variety, sweet, green fleshed.....10 .10 .30
Onagro, Mexico, Large, late salmon flesh.....10 .10 .25
Rocky Ford No. 1, Early and large salmon flesh.....10 .10 .25
Salmon Fleshed Rocky Ford.....10 .10 .25
Honey Dews, Long, green, productive, finest quality.....05 .15 .50

WATERMELON
Alabama, Popular in the south.....10 .25 .75
Cole’s Early, Early prolific.....10 .25 .75
Honey, Earliest sweetest large fruited melon.....10 .25 .75
Gold Rush Honey, Yellow fleshed melting quality.....10 .35 .45
Hullard Honey, Delicious.....10 .35 .45
Rexford’s Sweet or Montana Christie, Sweetest variety.....10 .35 .45
Mammoth Prince, Largest melon grown, 150 to 155 lbs. each.....10 .40 .50
Sweet Heart, Large, round.....10 .40 .50
Tom Watson, Average 20 lbs. Good quality, self-shipper.....10 .45 .50
Winter, See page.....10 .45 .50
Citron, For preserve.....10 .45 .50

MUSTARD
Southern Giant Curled, Ready crops after sowing.....10 .30 .40

ONION
Australian Brown, Very early, Mild flavor, good keeper.....10 .15 .30
Frische Bermuda, Ex. White, Short—Ex. Ev. Bartletta for pickling.....10 .15 .30
Jersey Rigidly semi-arid, for early use.....10 .15 .30
Mammoth Silver King, White, mild and tender.....10 .25 .75
Punisher, Largest, low onion, and the mildest.....10 .20 .40
Snow White Red Globe.....10 .15 .30
Southport White Globe.....10 .15 .30
White Portugal or Silverhill, Standard white variety.....10 .25 .75
White Welsh for green onions.....10 .20 .40
Yellow Globe Danvers.....10 .15 .40

PARSLEY
Champion Moss Curled, Turnip Rooted, Excellent for flavoring soups, etc.....10 .30 .40

PARNsip
Improved Yellow Crown, The best variety everywhere.....10 .15 .30

PEAS
Mojave, See p. (Lb. 60c).....10 .20

Lima, See page 10

PAPPER
Chinese Giant, Largest, popular variety, Very early.....10 .30 .25
Golden Queen, Large, yellow, very solid and sweet.....10 .40 .50
Long Red Cayenne.....10 .20 .40
Lunette, Small, sweet, early.....10 .20 .40
Early King, Most popular red sweet pepper.....10 .30 .30

PUMPKIN
Big Tom or Improved Large Field, Best for cornmeal.....10 .50 .25
Japumker, Good quality, one keeper, 100 to 200 lbs......10 .15 .50
Kentucky Field or Sweet Cheese, Sweet, good quality.....10 .25 .60
Small Sugar, The finest.....10 .30 .50

RADISH
Crimson Ball, Free from hollow, good quality, good quality.....10 .15 .20
Early Bird or Nun Plus Ultra.....10 .15 .20
Earliest turnip.....10 .15 .20
Early Long Scarlet Short Tap, Best lobe radish.....10 .15 .25
Earliest Heart Turnip, Early round red.....10 .15 .25
Early White Turnip, Earliest white radish.....10 .15 .25
French Breakfast, Red, white tipped, olive shaped.....10 .15 .25
Ledel’s Mild and early, the best long white radish.....10 .25 .40
Long White Strassburg, Best early radish.....10 .25 .40
Netona Long, Grows 2 feet long, crisp and brittle.....10 .25 .10

**USE THE ORDER BLANK ON PAGE 18 FOR**
RADIISH (Continued)
Sakurajima, 5 to 10 lbs. See also
Scarlet China. The best winter variety.
Scarlett China. The best winter variety.
...to 45c.
White Tipped Scarlet Turnip, Early and very popular.
-10c.
Pinto Black. All the early varieties.
-10c.

RUHABAR
Early Giant. Large, good tasting, dark green. 1.50 for a pk.
Early Giant Plants, 25c each, 1 for $1.50, 50 for $2.50.
Mammoth Sandwich Island, The standard variety.
-10c.

SPINACH
Improved Victoria. Best variety, late to go on seed.
New Zealand. A hot weather variety for arid regions.
-10c.
Prickly Seeded, Plant in the autumn for sprouting.
-04.

SQUASH
Delicious, The sweetest squash grown in this state.
Forbush. Small, delicious, for summer or winter.
Grano de Oro. A very good, popular winter variety.
Gold Medal (Cucurbita maxima). A large winter squash.
-10c.
Giant Summer Crookneck, The standard variety.
-10c.
-10c.

TOBACCO
Conn. Seed Leaf. For middle and far northern States.
Hungarian Flat Turkish Male and Male, Select strain.
-02.

TOMATO
Bonny Best. Scarlet, early, 15c per lb.
Earliest and Best. Earliest good variety.
Chalk's Early Jewel. Large, smooth, extra early.
-10c.
Deuce of None. Vigorous, upright, smooth, prolific.
-10c.
Improved, Select strain for chewing.
-10c.

TURNIP
Amer. Globe. Best large yellow sort.
Earliest Early Top Strap. The standard early varieties.
Forcement. The earliest turnip grown.
Orange Spanish Giant. Best early yellow turnip.
Purple Top White Globe, One of the finest turnips ever grown.
Shogoin Mammoth. Largest Japanese variety, 10 to 15 lbs.
White Egg. A very satisfactory variety.
-10c.

KAFIRI BAGAS
Improved Purple Top Yellow. Best yellow variety.
-10c.
Mammoth Russian, Large size, enormous crops.
-10c.
Sweet Red, Excellent keeper.
-10c.

ORDERING GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS

MODEL GARDEN CLUB, PAW PAW, MICHIGAN

3c FLOWER SEEDS 3c

and up per PACKET HIGHEST QUALITY BEST VARIETIES and up per PACKET

Hollbrook, Prize Double. Largest mixed 5c.
Ioe Plant. Trailing plant for baskets.
Eris, Emperor (Japanese cypress).
...to 15 in. diameter. Mixed.
Job's Tears. Seeds, very ornamental.
(35c).
Koehls, Burning Bush or Summer Cypress
Lactuca. Choice variety for the home garden.
Larkspur—Double Giant Hyacinth, Flowered.
Mixed.
Doubel Tall Rocket, Mixed.
Ligularia Grandiflorus, Crimson, 5c.
Lupine. Single, Lentil mixed.
Margarit, Giant African Double, Mixed.
Mignone—Sweet Ageratum. Many shades, very choice.
Moonflower, Sweet Scented Gt Flowering. 5c.
Morni, Morning Glory, Chatered (Gt. 15c).
New Double, Magnificent carnation-like flowers of scarlet.
Japanese Giants, Gorgeous (Gt. 55c).
Japanese False Fuchsia (5c).
Dwarf, Winter, house blooming, Mixed 5c.
Nasturtium—Dwarf, Giant flowered, Fine Single.
Dwarfs Pericallis—Large flowered, 5c.
Dwarf Yvresse, 1.50, 1.25 oz.
Tall Pericallis—Large flowered, 5c.
Dwarf Vase Pericallis, 1.50, 1.25 oz.
Tall Ives-Leaved Mixed (Gt. 55c).
Nigella, Arabian, or Black, 5c.
Onion, Red Chinese. Tasty, mild, 5c.
Onion, Red Spanish. Tasty, mild, 5c.
Onion, Welsh. Tasty, mild, 5c.
Onion, Yellow. Tasty, mild, 5c.

SQUASH
Delicious, The sweetest squash grown in this state.
Forbush. Small, delicious, for summer or winter.
Grano de Oro. A very good, popular winter variety.
Gold Medal (Cucurbita maxima). A large winter squash.
-10c.
Giant Summer Crookneck, The standard variety.
-10c.
-10c.

TOBACCO
Conn. Seed Leaf. For middle and far northern States.
Hungarian Flat Turkish Male and Male, Select strain.
-02.

TOMATO
Bonny Best. Scarlet, early, 15c per lb.
Earliest and Best. Earliest good variety.
Chalk's Early Jewel. Large, smooth, extra early.
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Deuce of None. Vigorous, upright, smooth, prolific.
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KAFIRI BAGAS
Improved Purple Top Yellow. Best yellow variety.
-10c.
Mammoth Russian, Large size, enormous crops.
-10c.
Sweet Red, Excellent keeper.
-10c.
TRY THESE SEED NOVELTIES

Vine Peach
Ripe Fruit in 80 Days After Seed is Planted

This wonderful vegetable Peach is the most beautiful of all vegetables. They resemble oranges, with golden flesh, color, and size, and can be eaten like melons. This is a presents a beautiful and tempting appearance. When canned, make delicious preserves and sweet pickles; and are fine for pies. There is nothing like them. Extremely early, of the finest quality, covering the ground with golden fruit. They grow from the seed in 80 days. A package of the seed will be sent postpaid for 10c; 2 packages for 25¢.

Japanese Giant Radish

This is the great Sakurijima Radish of Japan, one of the largest radish grown, each plant producing an enormous weight of 5 pounds, and sometimes 20 or 30 pounds. It is a real novelty to the American, and the taste will immediately convince anyone of the fact that it is not merely a curiosity, but a real vegetable, with an extraordinary quality. The flesh is solid, firm, and brittle, and of the most delicious flavor. It will grow and thrive in any soil, whether in the spring or winter. It can also be kept through the winter in the dry, and the taste will not be affected. Package, 10c; 3 packages, 25¢; by mail, postpaid.

Golden Honey Watermelon

A delicious yellow-fleshed watermelon. Rich golden color, firm, crisp, and glistening, sweet as honey, and fairly melts in your mouth. Not hard ore stringy. A very early, wonderful variety, yielding 20 lbs. each, and very few seeds. Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts., 25¢; postpaid.

The “Chesnut Bean”

This wonderful Bean looks like a giant chestnut. When boiled it has a flavor like boiled chestnuts, and is one of the most delicious beans grown. Grows in the form of a tall bush, and is completely covered with pods. For soup and turkey stuffing it can not be surpassed. It is a Spanish Bean, and is known as the “Chesnut” Bean. After once you grow a few, you will want to plant a lot of them. We have a limited amount of the seed to offer this season, so are selling same in cartons only. Packet, 10c; 3 pkts., 50c; 7 pkts., 90c; 15 pkts., $1.00; postpaid.

Yard Long Bean

This is a wonderful variety, as well as being a most interesting curiosity. The beans are long, slender, and have an enormous crop of pods, which are of excellent quality for snap beans. They grow 4 feet in length, and are perfect for any kind of soil. They are be expected about two months after transplanting. They grow so rapidly and produce such immense crops that you will be surprised. Plant some today for the children. Everybody likes them. Send 10c for a package of these seeds, so you can grow some in your own garden; or send 25c and get 3 packets.

Japanese Climbing Cucumber

A distinct new cucumber from Japan. The vines are extra strong and vigorous, and large, bearing a surprising amount of superior fruit on points, poles, fences, or bushes, etc. The fruit is large, firm, and fine for pickling and canning. The seeds are easy grown and admired with this wonderful novelty. Packet of seed, 10c; 3 for 25c; postpaid.

Lima Beans

This is the most wonderful Pea in the world. The peas are as large as the largest Lima Bean, and nearly the same shape. This pea is very hardy and can be planted as soon as the ground thaws out in the spring. We plant them here at home, never planted before. In other growth, it is unlike other varieties of peas, for instead of being a vine, it is a bush of upright growth, about 2 feet high, with strong, sturdy stalks. It is wonderfully productive. Botanically it belongs to the Horse Family, and has been advertised to some extent as a Giant Butter Bean, but in reality it is more like a pea than a bean. The Lima Bean is a most delicious vegetable, and sure to become as popular as the Lima Bean. We have but a limited amount of the seed, so are selling it in packets only. Packet, 10c; 3 pkts., 25c; 7 pkts., 50c; 15 pkts., $1.00; postpaid.
The Famous New Winter Watermelon

The fine keeping quality of this variety, apart from its palatable edibleness makes it a favorite, and gives it a special place. In a cool place it keeps long into the winter and retains its delicious sweetness and flavor. It is early (ripening about the same time as "Sweetheart," if planted the same time), so should not be planted too early if wanted for winter use. It is very prolific. The flesh is red, extremely firm, almost as hard as citron, very brittle, but deliciously sweet. Skin is very light green, almost white; its shape round. Our Winter Watermelon comes the nearest to perfection of any yet introduced, and we believe it will please you if you want a winter variety. Pkt., 15c; 2 pks., 25c; oz., 50c; postpaid.

The "MOJAVE" Drought-Proof Pea

This variety will do well under a wider range of weather and soil conditions than any other variety. It will grow a crop during the driest, hottest summer months, at a time any other variety would be a failure. In the hot, dry localities of the West this variety will grow a large crop without irrigation and without a single drop of rain falling upon it from seed time to harvest. For midsummer or late summer planting this is the variety to plant. If it rains and the soil is kept moist this variety will produce as large a crop as any variety we know of; if it doesn't rain, and it gets hot and dry, you will get a crop anyway. The handsome round pods are well filled with from 7 to 10 peas in a pod; quality excellent, sweet and tender, even when the peas are large. Vines grow 2 feet high, and require no support. This is the pea that will do its best in the North, South, East or West. Don't fail to give it a trial. Pkt., 10c; 3/4 lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 3 lbs., $1.50; postpaid.

The "Frost King" Hardy Lemon

The "Frost King" Hardy Lemon, like so many others of our extremely hardy fruits, comes to us from Japan. It can be grown from seed, and will fruit the third year. In the Northern States the tree must be given some winter protection. Or they may first be planted in pots, resetting in large tubs the second year, and taken into the house, where they will bear beautiful, fragrant flowers and useful fruit all winter. The fruit is juicy, sour, round in shape, and with a thin, "kid glove" skin, reddish yellow in color. They are real lemons, and have a ready sale in local markets. A packet of seed will produce from six to ten trees. Instructions for planting are included in each packet.

In the Southern States the seed may be planted in the open ground, and the little trees set out in the garden or on the lawn in the fall. The trees are dwarf in growth, and can be set as close as six feet apart, for garden culture.

In locations where the temperature falls below zero any time, the trees, if left in the garden, should be given some straw protection. Try a packet of this useful novelty.

Packet, 20 cents; 3 for 50 cents; 7 for $1.00; postpaid.
Medical Plants Yield Fabulous Returns

Medical plants and drugs of all kinds have rapidly increased in price during the past few years. The drug trade used to depend upon "wild" or collected "way and you pound," but now, many of the producers for the supply, but the amount of wild roots that can be collected grows every year smaller. Our woodlands have been "collected" bare of these valuable plants.

There was good money in growing medical plants, even in the old days, when the roots brought from one-fourth to one-tenth the price of today. Now, many of the small, "back-yard" patches of the more valuable roots, such as Golden Seal and Ginseng.

You can start with a very small investment, planting either the seed or roots, which we can supply.

Make a Thousand Dollars from Your Back Yard Garden!

A dozen packets of seed will plant a hundred square feet, and give you a profitable start in a new industry that is making small growers rich.

A small garden patch, 25 by 40 feet, properly enriched and shaded, can reasonably be expected to yield a normal crop of 1600 to 2000 ounces of Ginseng roots, which at wholesale prices will bring over a thousand dollars in the open market.

Ginseng

Ginseng is another money maker. Read the following, which we clipped from the Los Angeles Times:

"On one acre of ground Mildred Kittle succeeded in producing a crop of ginseng which he has contracted to sell for $60,000. The plot of ground contained between 26,000 and 30,000 roots, which, when dry, weigh over an ounce apiece. Kittle began on a small scale five years ago when he planted some ginseng on the plot, then he set out the mahogany and the juniper in a shade of a small patch of woods. He has nursed his crop and now has an acre of ginseng which he claims is "worth its weight in gold."

Also read the following news item, clipped from a Wisconsin daily paper:

"Wausau, Wis., May 21.—(Special) Perhaps by far the most valuable load of products of the soil that ever crossed the streets of Wausau, was seen a few days ago, drawn by one horse. The load consisted of eighteen uninconspicuous barrels and no one would have surmised its value had it not been that the barrels contained 1,485 pounds of ginseng roots, which had been grown and was now being started on its long journey to China. The crop was grown on one-half acre of ground near Wausau."

The average market price of dry ginseng roots is generally about $7.00 or $8.00 per pound, but at the time of going to press with this catalog, buyers are paying from $15.00 to $20.00 per pound for the good quality, and there seems little likelihood of its falling in price.

Ginseng should be planted only in the fall, but to be certain of getting the seed, you should order same as soon as possible, for we will probably have our supply all sold long before planting time. The best way is to order your Ginseng good at the time you order your other seeds; then we can be sure to supply you. With each order we will send complete cultural directions and names and addresses of buyers who will buy the roots from you. 24 packets of seed will plant on square rod. Fkts. 35c; 5 pkts. $1.00; 10 pkts. $2.00; 25 pkts. $6.00; 50 pkts. $10.00; postpaid.

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Golden Seal

If you want to get started in the growing of medical plants, don't fail to plant some Golden Seal this year. It is easily grown, and is a sure money maker. When ready to dig, the roots should average at least one ounce of gold. This would make eighteen pounds of dry roots to each square rod. At the present price of $5.00 a pound, this would bring you $90.00 for the square rod. At this rate an acre would be worth $540.00. Besides this, enough small plants will be found to set out twice as large a patch and the flimsy roots that are left in the ground will form buds and root the patch.

The figures we give are not overdrawn in the least. One of the leading buyers of medicinal roots says he bought a crop of Golden Seal that averaged nearly 5 ounces per rod, dried. They were worth about $1.50 each. Think of it! An acre of such Golden Seal would bring $315.000.

Many of our customers wish to set out Ginseng and Golden Seal plants, and get a patch started in that way, instead of planting seed, and to such persons we can supply plants. But to them we recommend that you study the directions printed in this catalog, and make your choice of the plants of which you wish to plant a garden.

Prices of either Golden Seal or Ginseng Plants: One plant, 25c; 6 for $1.25; 25 for $2.50; 50 for $5.00; 100 for $10.00; 250 for $25.00; 500 for $50.00; delivered to any part of the United States, prepaid.

Favorite Fruits for Home or Market

An Acre of Fruit, properly managed, will pay for itself in the first season, and yield an income of $250.00 to $1000.00 per year every year after. $32.00 will start you with 500 Baby Apple trees, 500 Grape vines and 200 Vine-

berry plants. In the fall your surplus Apple trees, easily saleable at 25c to 50c each, will leave a margin over the season's expenses.

The second year the Dewberries and Strawberries will produce a good income, which will heavily increase each year at the Apples and Grapes come into bearing.

Read Carefully the Offers on Pages 1, 4, 9 and 20.
KUDZU

The Remarkable Soil Improving FORAGE CROP

A Wonderful Perennial Legume
More Nutritious than Alfalfa
Yields Heavier than Fodder Corn
Improves the Soil More than Clover
Cures Quicker than Timothy

Grown Successfully in all Parts of the United States

Kudzu is a wonderful perennial legume. It is perfectly hardy all over the United States and endures the winters as far north as Nova Scotia.

Kudzu gives promise of being one of the leading sources of wealth to farmers and stock growers. It springs up from the roots when the first warm days come in the spring and grows vigorously until a killing freeze comes in the fall. Two cuttings can be made each year in the North and four in the South. Instances are known where four cuttings of hay averaging 2½ tons per cutting and making a total yield of ten tons per acre in a single season, have been made.

Kudzu contains more protein than wheat bran, as high as 15.62 per cent, and averaging 17.18 per cent. A remarkable feature in that although the hay is richer than alfalfa, yet it is entirely free from the tendency to cause hogs hogs, kidney disorders and bloat in horses and other live stock, that interfere so seriously with the use of alfalfa. It is well adapted for use in making mixed forage stuffs and for any other purposes that alfalfa can be used. Kudzu cuts the quickness of a known hay, retains its leaves and bright green color.

Kudzu will thrive on any soil, provided the land is well drained. Like any other crop, it will make a stronger growth on rich land, but it does well on land that is too poor for any other hay crop and rapidly improves the soil by drawing in nitrogen from the air. Poor, worn out land planted to Kudzu soon becomes like the rich soil that has been recently cleared from the Virginia forest.

PRICE OF KUDZU SEED

Per package, 25c; 5 packages, $1.00; 10 packages, $3.00; 20 packages, $5.00; 50 packages, $10.00; postpaid.

KUDZU PLANTS

The Kudzu plants we have to offer are strong, self-inoculated, field grown roots of the best hay-making strain, and sure to give satisfaction. The setting of such plants insures getting a good start with this wonderful forage plant without delay, and the plants will multiply rapidly when once well established. The vines root at the nodes, and the root-beans of strawberries, producing an abundance of plants for setting.

The common method of putting out a field is to set the plants by hand. While it is a common, everyday matter for a man to set out a number of acres of cabbage, turnips, potatoes, or sweet potatoes, setting each plant by hand, it is rather a shock at first to consider putting out a hay or pasture field in this manner. When we come to scrutinize this objection, however, it seems to vanish in thin air, for the common practice of setting the plants ten feet apart calls for only about 450 plants to the acre. This is a job not nearly so expensive as seeding an acre of alfalfa.

As far as the time necessary before the field comes into full growth, interplanting in large measure absorbs the cost. The first year Kudzu is interplanted with corn, cow peas, or other crops, which may be planted with little or no deleterious effect on yield. The second year enough growth is made to cover carrying charges is usually made, the field yielding a fairly good cutting of hay in the fall. By the third year full results may be expected.

Plants should be set out in the early spring. Our supply of plants is limited, and as there is going to be an enormous demand for them this season, we recommend that our customers place their orders as early as possible. If you will send your order now, we can keep the plants for you until planting time. It would pay you to get enough to set out an acre if you can afford to do so. If you can't, get as many as you can afford and get a start this season, for it means dollars in your pocket.

Price of Kudzu Plants

12 for $1.50; 25 for $2.75; 50 for $5.00; 100 for $9.00; Plants delivered prepaid, to any part of the United States, at these prices, and all plants guaranteed to be healthy, hardy, self-inoculated field grown roots.
We call the Dasheen a new vegetable because it is new in this country, but in fact it has been grown for years in China, and is known in various parts of Asia, Europe and South America.

The Dasheen is grown principally as a root crop, the tubers being used the same as Irish Potatoes. The tubers sometimes reach a weight of more than 6 pounds each. One hill will produce on good, rich soil 6 or 8 pounds or more of tubers, and in rare instances 20 to 26 pounds of Dasheens have been taken from a single hill. Crops of 600 to 900 bushels per acre have been produced.

From the interest that has already developed among Southern farmers who have become even slightly acquainted with the Dasheen, it surely looks as though this crop is destined to be of great importance to that section of the country. It can be grown as a summer crop in a region where the potato must be grown almost entirely as a spring crop, for it ripens its tubers in the early fall and furnishes them for the table at a season when Northern grown potatoes have to be shipped in.

**Rivals The Potato. 300 to 900 Bushels to the Acre!**

The U. S. Department of Agriculture reports 1,400 bushels from less than 5 acres in Florida, and on their different experimental grounds have secured yields of 450 bushels to the acre.

Mr. A. L. Root, editor of Caelings in Bee Culture, has this to say regarding the Dasheen:

> "Although the Dasheen is still mostly confined to the South, yet I might say that we are now growing our third crop here in Northern Ohio, and I feel more and more satisfied that it can be grown profitably all over our Northern states and probably to the utmost limit of one of our most nourishing and toothsome vegetables."

The "Country Gentleman" published the following regarding it: "Not only does the Dasheen promise well as a market crop once the public generally has recognized its merits, but in the meantime it is capable of furnishing food for home consumption. Its food value is higher than the potato and about fifty per cent more protein and fifty per cent more starch. The flavor of the Dasheen is decidedly richer and more tempting than that of the potato."

Robert A. Young, of the Department of Agriculture, says that in more ways than one the Dasheen outdoes the potato.

Land that is too sod for ordinary crops can be used to advantage in growing Dasheens. They can be grown on lands that are subject to short overflows that would ruin most other crops, thus making much land available for food crops that is now considered worthless. They may also be successfully grown in hot, dry regions, as has been demonstrated by tests in Arizona and in the desert regions of Southern California.

The Dasheen can be used in almost any way that Irish Potatoes or Sweet Potatoes can be used. They are excellent when baked, boiled, fried, mashed, stuffed, or scalloped, and for Saratoga Dasheen Chips and Fritters they are delicious.

Dasheen crops, made from raw Dasheen with a fluted vegetable slicer and fried in deep fat, are declared by some epicures to be the most delicious of all Dasheen dishes. The delicate nutty flavor of the Dasheen is accentuated by this method of preparation. While these crops are better when freshly made, they often keep their crispness for several days, depending on the amount of moisture in the air.

As a filling for fowl and other meats the Dasheen can hardly be surpassed. Served au gratin, that is, cooked with grated cheese, it is equal to any similar dish. It makes a delicious salad and may be French fried or German fried like potatoes.

The young leaves of the Dasheen make excellent greens, used like Spinach.

The stems, when grown under a box or barrel, so as to be bleached, are equal to Asparagus. The Department of Agriculture says: "These are very tender and have a delicate flavor, suggestive of mushrooms.

There are probably few plants so well suited for feeding purposes as the Dasheen. Experiments carried on by the Battle Creek Sanitarium, at Battle Creek, Mich., indicate that 5 to 8 crops of these delicate shoots can be harvested. First cutting can be made in about 35 days after tubers are set in ground, and subsequent ones at intervals of 10 to 14 days.

**BASHEEN stock seed.** The United States Department of Agriculture, in their year book, have the following to say regarding the Dasheen as a stock food: "Although extensive feeding experiments with the Dasheen have not yet been made, as a stock feed it is probably equal in value to the potato, sweet potato, or cassava. For this purpose, however, as with potatoes and sweet potatoes, Dasheens will, in general, be used only incidentally, as in cases of overcrowding or of Dasheens unsuitable in size or quality for market. They seem, in the raw state, to be more palatable to stock than potatoes, and, while doubtless less palatable than sweet potatoes, they contain a higher proportion of protein to starch and sugars than sweet potatoes. Both cattle and hogs can eat them with a relish after getting the taste and dig 8 months old have been fattened for the market in a month by turning them in the autumn into a patch of Dasheens."

Planting should be done early in the spring as conditions of soil and climate will permit. For field culture the tubers are planted singly and entire, not more than 2 to 3 inches deep in hills 5 feet apart, the distance between rows being 4 feet. This will permit horse cultivation. In cultivating during the summer the soil should be gradually drawn to the plants and the ground kept free from weeds, but require little cultivation after large enough to shade the ground.

In growing Dasheens there seems to be no disease or insect enemy to contend with as there is in growing potatoes. No dreaded potato bugs to be poisoned; no root, scale, blight, mildew or other trouble.

The leaves are large and very ornamental, resembling closely the Caladium Enianlum, or Elephant's Ear. Every town and city garden should plant a few of these interesting plants to see what the people in other parts of the world raise for food.

The Dasheen is sure to be a "poor man's" friend for growers in all parts of the country where the season is not too short. While we would not recommend it as a big money maker for the North, we surely consider it worthy of a place in every garden. If you haven't room to give them a trial in your garden, you can at least plant a few for ornamental purposes and at the same time grow enough of the tubers to find out what they are like. You will find them one of the finest vegetables and most showy ornamental foliage plants. This year is the time to get started with a few, so as to raise your own seed tubers for next year's planting. As our stock of tubers is limited, we would recommend that you send your order early.

Don't buy field run tubers, as they are more expensive even if bought at a lower price by the bushel. Our hand graded tubers are especially selected for seed purposes.

**Price of Selected Seed Tubers**

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<th>Grade</th>
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<td>3 for 6c</td>
<td>5 for 75c</td>
<td>12 for $1.50; 25 for $2.00; 50 for $3.75; 100 for $7.00; delivered to you prepaid. Pamphlet giving cultural directions and recipes for preparing and cooking the Dasheens, free with each order.</td>
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An Invitation to YOU from The MODEL GARDEN CLUB

The Model Garden Club is composed of Fruit Growers, Gardeners and other users of Nursery Stock and Seeds, who have found it best to "grow their Own" planting stock. In this district, which is one of the principal Fruit and Vegetable districts of the country, we use immense quantities of Nursery Stock and Seeds. We have found that by growing our own, we can be certain of always having our stock true to name. That which we do not ourselves grow, we have grown for us under contract, and as we supervise the planting, and rigidly inspect the stock during the growing season we know what we are planting.

We Have Supplied Other Growers all over the country during the past few years, with this same fine stock that we ourselves use. As all middleman's profits are eliminated, these growers and gardeners have been able to get high-grade stock through the Garden Club, sometimes at less than the general wholesale price.

So Many Appreciative Letters have been received during the past summer from growers in distant parts of the country, (last season we filled over fifty thousand separate orders) that we have decided this season to issue this catalog.

We Invite You to take advantage of our facilities for supplying the best of Stock and Seeds, at but little above their cost. We grow this stock or have it grown, for our own use. And we use the best. Your order will be put up by experienced growers who will conscientiously pack your order as though for their own garden.

There Are No Charges for "membership" or for anything else except the listed price of the stock and seeds as given in this Catalog. You simply send us your order (the order blank on this page is for your convenience) at the prices given. We carefully select the stock, the kind we plant ourselves, pack it in the best possible manner, and send it to you all Charges Prepaid. When you receive the stock and seeds, if anything is not right, we make it right, by sending you stock that is right, without further cost to you.

You Can Send An Order of any size, large or small, with the assurance that you will get the same grade of Stock and Seeds as though you went through our cellars and picked it out yourself. We send you stock that we plant ourselves, and we are very "fussy" about what we plant.

Study This Catalog Carefully whether or not you place an order this year. Much practical experience of successful growers has been included in these pages and it will pay you to read it and get acquainted. Every additional grower securing stock through the "Model Garden Club" makes it just that much easier for all of us to get the best of Nursery Stock and Seeds at Lower Prices for All.

READ THE SUGGESTIONS AT THE TOP OF THE NEXT PAGE to assist you in making out your order, and address your letter to the MODEL GARDEN CLUB, PAW PAW, MICHIGAN.

GENTLEMEN: I enclose................................for which send me the following goods, subject to and covered by the Guarantee on the other side of this page. You are to replace Free any of this order that does not arrive in good alive growing condition.

(Write Your Name and Address Very Plain)

MR. MR. or Mrs. or Miss

Post Office...........................................................................................................

Box No..................................................State.............................................

Route No........................................

Please Use This Side for TREES, SHRUBS, VINES, etc., OTHER SIDE FOR SEEDS

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Carried Forward

Total of Nursery Stock

NURSERY STOCK described on Pages 2, 3, 5 and 6 will be shipped by Parcel Post, Express or Freight, CHARGES COLLECT...
Some Suggestions to Assist You in Making out Your Order

Orderly System Saves Time

and if you use the Order Blank below, listing the Nursery Stock on the first page of the Order Blank, and all the seeds you wish to purchase on this side of the Blank, it will help us fill your order quickly and correctly.

Seeds and Nursery Stock Are

Packed and Mailed Separately

Seeds require a strong DRY package, while Nursery Stock must be kept moist. So, we make separate packages of Seeds, Strawberry Plants and other Nursery Stock. Therefore, whether you use the Order Blank on this page, or whether you make a list on any kind of paper, please list Nursery Stock and Seeds separately,—a list of each.

The Prices Are "Net"

We cannot give discounts or reductions of any kind from the prices quoted. We cannot open "Charge Accounts" because that expense of keeping and collecting individual accounts would compel a raising of these low prices.

We Will Ship C. O. D.

by Parcel Post if one-fifth of the amount of the purchase price is sent with the order, balance to be paid on receipt of the goods.

All Nursery Stock Is Inspected

by a State Inspector, while growing in the field. We again inspect the stock when storing in the cellar, and again before packing. Consequently, we can freely guarantee the stock we send you.

All Seeds Are Inspected

for Purity, and then rigidly tested for Germination. You can order anything from this catalog with the assurance that it has been named upon by the most particular growers whose living depends upon planting stock and seeds of high quality.

We Cannot Supply Anything Not Listed

in this catalog, because we will not guarantee anything we do not grow, or have grown for ourselves. Stock we buy in the general market for our own use we do not resell, because we have found by experience that the only certain way of knowing that such stock is true to name is to plant it and then wait for the crop.

Write Your Name and Address

very plain, at the top of the Order Blank, before you start to make out your order. The name or address or both are so frequently omitted from the order that we want to drive this home: WRITE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS FIRST, then make out the order.

Use a Postoffice Money Order

in remitting. It is cheap, convenient and absolutely safe. Please do not send postage stamps, as so many get stuck together, and otherwise damaged as to be unusable. Your check on your local bank, or a Draft, or Express Order are satisfactory methods of making remittance, which should be made payable to the

MODEL GARDEN CLUB,
PAW PAW, MICHIGAN

This GUARANTEE Covers Everything You Order from this Catalog

We GUARANTEE the Nursery Stock and Seeds we sell to be true to name, free from insect or disease infestation, and to be sound, vigorous growing stock, and will replace, without charge, any stock or seeds proving otherwise. We guarantee safe arrival at destination, postage to be paid by us on all orders from us at catalog prices. (Except that the Nursery Stock described on pages 2, 3, 5 and 6 is sent CHARGES COLLECTED).

MODEL GARDEN CLUB, PAW, PAW, MICH.

Use This Side of the Order Blank for Ordering SEEDS Only

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<th>How Many</th>
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<td>Plants</td>
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A GIFT TO YOU FOR A SMALL FAVOR

If, when sending your order, you will give us the names and addresses of a few friends who grow fruit or vegetables, we will add A VALUABLE GIFT to your order. Write the names here:

Name

Address

Name

Address

Name

Address

(Out the Order Blank on this Line)
Try These Model Seed Collections

MODEL VEGETABLE GARDEN

We believe this assortment to be the biggest value ever offered for such a low price. There are sixteen large, full-size packets, enough to plant a sizable kitchen garden. The Model Vegetable Garden Collection contains one packet of each of the following:

BEET, Early Eclipse.  LETTUCE, Black Seeded Simpson.
BEAN, Choice Early.  SWEET CORN, Choice Ear.
CABBAGE, All Season.  ONION, Yellow Globe Darwin.
CARROT, Osheart.  PARSLAY, Champion Moss Curled.
CUCUMBER, Everbearing.  RADISH, Prize Mixture.
MUSKMELON, Rocky Ford.  SQUASH, Genuine Hubbard.
WATERMELON, Bleeksly’s Sweet.  TOMATO, Stove.
PARSNIP, Imp’ved Hollow Crown.  TURNIP, Early Purple Top.

These are all fresh, tested seeds, guaranteed true to name and sure to give you a garden in every way satisfactory to you.

16 Large Packets 50c Postpaid

Model Perennial Flower Garden

Every garden should contain a good assortment of perennial plants, as they remain in the ground year after year and require very little care. An easy and inexpensive way of obtaining them is to send for our Perennial Flower Seeds Package of 25 Varieties. Package, 10c; 3 for 25c; 7 for 50c; postpaid.

Model Wild Flower Garden

Hundreds of Varieties of Pretty Flowers. At practically no cost the Children’s Garden can be transformed into a delightfully attractive spot, overflowing with charm and fascination in its quaint, exquisite beauty and forming the most instructive of school rooms and the happiest of playgroups. This mixture is especially recommended for playgrounds. It contains sorts—the colors and varieties being carefully proportioned to produce a constant and varied bloom the whole season, and will be found superior to any mixture before offered. In no other manner can so many different and rare varieties be obtained at such a small cost. It is suitable for any bare or unsightly spot in the yard, to edge along fences, embankments, etc. Pkt., 5¢; oz., 25¢; ½ lb., 60c; postpaid.

Model Oriental Flower Garden

This is a special collection of Japanese and Chinese flower seeds; rare, curious, showy and most handsome varieties, entirely adapted to our climate. It is from Japan that we obtain many of our most beautiful flowers, such as Chrysanthemums, Frees, Lilies, Phloxes, Oriental Poppies, etc., and many of our rarest, most curious, effective and showy varieties come from China. This Oriental Flower Garden contains a large assortment of varieties, all put up in one package. It would be expensive to buy them all in separate packets, as many of the varieties are very scarce, and not even offered by us in separate packets. Pull directions for planting are sent with each package. This fine Oriental seed assortment will please you. Complete assortment (1 package) 10c; 3 for 3c; postpaid.

Model Flower Seed Collection

16 Large Packets. Choicest of all Varieties

Beautify your place by planting some choice flower seeds. This assortment has been selected especially for the person who wants a beautiful yard without expending any unnecessary money to secure same. This is a grand collection of flower seeds, each kind in a separate packet, and the most select and handsome varieties ever offered at so low a price. One full-size packet of each of the following:

ASTER, Extra Select Mixture.  MIGNONETTE, Sweet.
SWEET PEA, Choice Mixture.  NASTURTIUM, Tall Sorts.
CANDIDTUTT, All Colors Mixed.  Choke.
CALENDELA, Double Mixed.  POPPY, Double and Single, all colors.
CALLIOPSIS, Finest Mixed.  SCAIHOA, Extra Select.
CONNOS, Fine Mixture.  SWET ALTSSUM.
LARKSPUR, Mixed.  ZINTNA, Giant Dahlia.
MARIGOLD, Giant African.  Flowered.
MORNING GLOXY, Choice Mixture.  ORIENTAL FLOWER GARDEN.

Packet 35 Cents

16 Packets 50c Postpaid
These are selected, one-year-old, mailing size Concord Grape vines, from the famous "Grape Belt" of Southern Michigan, where the finest Concord Grapes in the world are produced. The growers here have raised Concordos for nearly three-quarters of a century, and this grand variety has here been bred up to the general yield of

A BUSHEL of the Finest Table Grapes
From EVERY CONCORD Grape Vine

Every garden should have at least a few of these wonderful vines. These Concord Grape Vines are hardy, and will grow and fruit, without winter protection, wherever frosts are not encountered after the first of May.

With a little, simple winter covering the Concord will succeed in very cold locations and in the far North, for it takes a real freeze to injure the buds in late spring or to affect the fruit, injuriously, in the fall, as the crop is usually out of the way before really cold weather.

A dozen plants in your garden, or along the fence, will yield bushels and bushels of choice, ripe table grapes. Or the vines can be trained to cover the porch, creating cool shade, and producing beautiful clusters of delicious fruit.

A Source of Delicious Fruits and Healthful Beverages

The many delicious foods and healthful beverages that owe their existence to the Concord Grape, there is little need to mention. But a row or two of Concord Grape Vines in your garden means pantry shelves filled with Grape Jelly, Jam, Conserve, etc., that will form a welcome addition to all the meals throughout the year. And Concord Grape juice is the most valuable of all the fruit juices. It is concentrated food drink and is rich in the mineral food elements—iron, the phosphates, etc., so necessary to human life and health.

Where formerly these food elements were destroyed in the process of producing a pulse, alcohol, we now benefit by their presence in natural, unfermented Grape Juice, a rich, nourishing, healthful food beverage. And the regular use of Grape Juice on the table is the best "health insurance."

Plant Pedigreed Grape Vines from World-Famous Vineyards

The one-year-old Concord Grape Vines we offer are of good size. With plenty of roots to start off with vigorous rapid growth in your garden, and buds to produce the thrifty canes that will lend your table with grapes.

They are the off-spring of selected grape vines in the world-famous Southern Michigan vineyards. After a careful vine-to-vine inspection by a State Inspector, the canes that bore the quality fruit last season are carefully removed and made up into "cuttings" by experts.

These cuttings are buried in "callusing piles" for weeks, then dug up, planted in rows, cultivated and sprayed for a season. They are then dug, inspected and sorted, and are ready to send to you, to produce wonderful grapes in year's garden.

Last season we supplied over one hundred thousand of this same grade of vines to commercial grape growers right here in the Grape Belt. And where men make a business of growing the Concord Grape, they require the very best in the way of quality in the vines they buy to plant.

You can order these Concord Grape Vines from us and plant them by the dozen or by the thou-

sand with the assurance that you are getting vines of the very best quality.

With each shipment of these fine Concord Grape Vines we will send a copy of our four-page folder, "Modern Grape Culture," an illustrated, comprehensive, common-sense set of instructions on the planting and care of the Concord Grape. Each step in the work is helpfully illustrated with pictures and diagrams, and by following these simple, practical directions you will have success with your vines and reap a rich reward in luscious grapes.

We believe we will have enough of these fine vines to fill all orders, But the demand for really good grape vines has increased every year, And each year we have been entirely sold out before the season was over. To be certain of getting your share of these fine vines it is best to order early, before the supply is exhausted. Your vines will be carefully packed, securely wrapped, and we GUARANTEED them to reach you in good, alive, growing condition. We will replace, without charge, any vines that are not received in good condition.

BY MAIL OR EXPRESS.  ALL CHARGES PREPAID
Three for 25c.  fifteen for $1.00
$4.00 per Thousand. Charges Prepaid.

MODEL GARDEN CLUB, PAW PAW, MICHIGAN

"Trialling Size" Grape Vines, Five Varieties, described on page 6